Ch 19: The First Law of Thermodynamics

1st Law of Thermodynamics

$$U = Q - W$$

$$dU = dQ - dW$$

What kind of variable is energy?

Work done by changes in state of an ideal gas

$$W = \int_{V_1}^{V_2} p \, dV$$

$$-p \, dV = -dW$$

$$-dW = -nR \, dT$$

$$dQ = n \, C_p \, dT$$

$$dU = Q - W$$

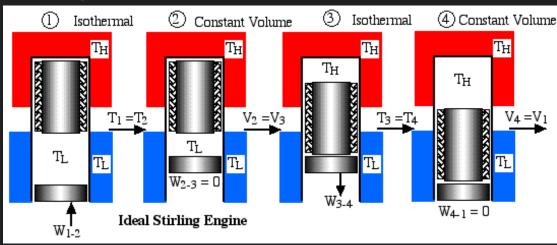
$$dU = Q - W$$

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Types of Thermodynamics Processes

Isothermal Isochoric Isobaric

Adiabatic

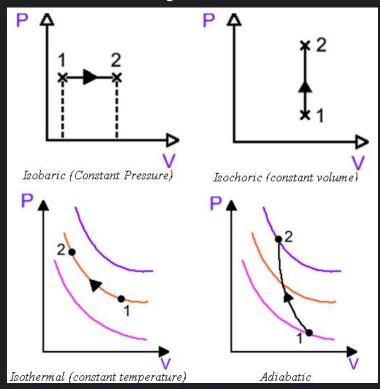


http://www.ohio.edu/mechanical/thermo/Intro/Chapt.1_6/Second_Law/StirlingEngine.gif

Each process has an isolated value Why are these processes ideal processes?

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Thermodynamic Work



Isochoric

Isobaric

Adiabatic

Formulas

$$V=0$$
 $V_1=V_2$

$$W = p(v2 - v1)$$

$$p_1=p_2$$

Isothermal W=nRT In(v2/v1)

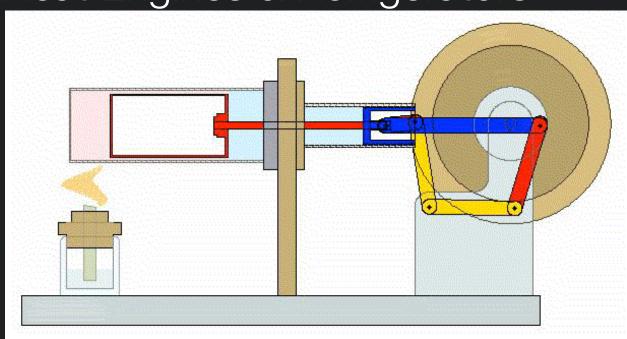
$$T_1 = T_2$$

$$-W=\Delta U$$
 $Q=0$

http://ibphysicsstuff.wdfiles.com/local--files/processes/PVdiagrams.ipg

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Heat Engines & Refrigerators

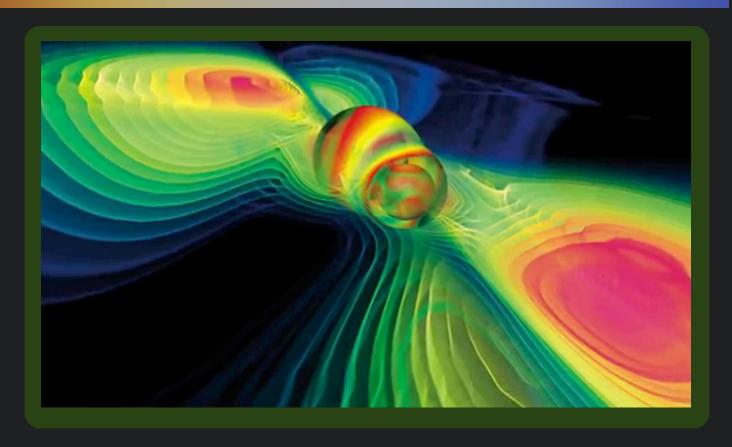


<u> http://www.et.byu.edu/~vps/ME321/engine.gif</u>

What is the energy exchange in this animation?

Q => KE

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Thermodynamic Efficiency

Based only on the work done and the heat used

100% is not possible

Related to entropy

Related to the 0th Law

Thermal energy must be deposited at a lower temperature to cause Kinetic motion Why?

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Summary

- **★**Thermodynamic Processes
- **★**Thermodynamic Work
- ★Heat Engines & Refrigerators
- **★**Thermodynamic Efficiency

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Citation

Young, Hugh D., and Roger A. Freedman. University Physics with Modern Physics. 13th ed. Harlow: Addison-Wesley, 2011. Print.

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